A system for tertairy education and permeability & flexibility in the international context

Hans Daale, CHAIN5 Malta, 9 December 2019

Reasons for having such a system

The 'Completion' of the European Higher Education Area

Growth of supply of qualifications at the higher levels, not being HigherEd

More attention for 'the European Level 5 Area'

And... other aspects of the context...

- We need more options for permeability, flexibility...
- At the levels 5 and higher
- With the help and input of all sectors, using all types of qualifications
- See the proposal for the system, for tertairy education (5 and higher)

And...

- The system has three sectors: HigherEd (HE academic and professional), VPE (Higher VET) and Business and Personal Training (BPT)
- Learning paths in a vertical way are more or less OK...
- But horizontal learning paths are far more challenging
- Learning pathways through two or more sectors and sub-sectors need a better structure...
- Let's use the possibilities to work together as EfVET and CHAIN5

Disclaimer

- ► We are talking about an international system...
- Not necessary mandatory for national systems...
- But it can be used... maybe not now... later... new plans...

So, it is not a blueprint for a national tertiary area(not calling it anymore: post-secondary...)

EQF - in the heart of the system

- Making clear what the level is not depending of the provider (College, HEI, Academy...)
- In that way the EQF is the basis for the system
- We need NQFs for that, if a national system had to be compared with the overarching system
- After the break more about the EQF and the proposal

Some arguments for the system

- Talking about the same types of qualifications is important, at least for the three sectors
- International cooperation is based on mutual trust in qualifications (level, quality, learning outcomes...)
- Example: Recognition in country A of a qualification in country B, for transfer to level X from level X-1

Transparency for all target groups, and more grip on the paths for all providers

Collaboration at all levels: organisations included - that is a condition

Bologna Process

1999: start of the Bologna Process (European HE Area)

Initiated by Universities (Academic / Research)

Three cycles - given the names: Bachelor / Master / Doctorate

► If...

- HPE-institutions and Colleges had been involved...
- ► The EHEA would have 4 cycles...
- Starting with?
- Associate?

Names

- Nobody in Europe is responsible for the names of certain types of qualifications...
- Based on common understanding... used by 'everyone' in the international context
- Examples:
 - Bachelor, Master, Doctorate / PhD. Honours degree /
 - University of Applied Sciences / University Colleges in Flanders / Polytechnics elsewhere (in countries having a binary system in HigherEd)

That's why we can take the lead for:

- SCHE = Ássociate
- Higher VET = VPE
- BPT

Associate, because...
VPE, because...
BPT, because...

A system - transparancy for 5 and higher

E Q F	HE (EHEA) Higher Education Academic / Professional	BPT Business and Personal Training			VPE Vocational- Professional Education	Sector		
	Formal	Training Non-Formal	Training Non-Formal	Training Non-Formal	Formal			
8	Third Cycle (Doctorate)				VPE-8			
7	Second Cycle (Master)				VPE-7			
6	First Cycle (Bachelor)				VPE-6	Tertiary		
5	Short Cycle (Associate)				VPE-5			
Vocational Education and Training / General Education / Others Secondary								

HigherEd

- ► HE = EHEA
- Professional HigherEd
- Academic HigherEd
- Or just: HigherEd
- Characteristics:
 - Dublin Descriptors
 - Cycles
 - European Standards and Guidelines
 - For all cycles the same accreditation body
 - Credits
- Proposal, using from now one: SCHE = Associate, in an international context

VPE as another sector

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8	Third Cycle (Doctorate)				VPE-8				
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6	First Cycle (Bachelor)				VPE-6	Tertiary			
5	Short Cycle (Associate)				VPE-5				
	Vocational Education and Training / General Education / Others Secondary								

Till now: Higher VET

- People don't like VET als 'common name' at higher levels = it is about status!
- Higher = suggesting HigherEd
- And there is also Lower VET?
- ► VPE in Switzerland, Hongkong...

- ► V = Vocational
 - P = Professional
 - E = Education

Three aspects of this type of qualifications

- NOT: VPET knowing we are not talking about HET (HigherEd and Training)
- Formal = recognised by...

VPE Colleges

- For a start: VET Colleges offering level 5 or higher
- Or: Non-HEIs... having their own position
- But there is not yet a European VPE Area... Later more



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	Formal	Training Non-Formal	Training Non-Formal 1	Training Non-Formal	Formal				
8	Third Cycle (Doctorate)	x	x	Х	VPE-8				
7	Second Cycle (Master)	x	X	X	VPE-7				
6	First Cycle (Bachelor)	X	x	x	VPE-6	Tertiary			
5	Short Cycle (Associate)	X	x	Х	VPE-5				
x	Vocational Education and Training / General Education / Others Secondary								

- Business and Personal Training
- Lifelong Learning / Work-based programmes
- We call them: Non-formal
- Literally: NOT being formal education
- Not being HigherEd according to the formal standards
- ► Not being VPE in the formal setting

- So it can be:
 - Business Training
 - Personal Training
 - Training offered by HEIs
 - Training offered by VPE Colleges
 - Qualifications offered Private providers
 - and others for tailor-made programmes, courses and so on
- Linked to a NQF, by a NCP, having a national procedure for that
- Attention for international qualifications (according to Cedefop and others: based on standards by international professional bodies, companies...)

Providers and qualifications

- This is a proposal in the international context
- Having a provider and a qualification: Pick your box in the system
- But: in the national context it can be different
- Permeability in an international setting: use to identify your boxes and then the learning pathway, and the progressions routes
- National: do it your own way = respect

Two steps for a process for the European VPE Area (EVPEA)

- The European VPE Area: instruments, characteristics, framework...
- And then:
- International instruments for the international learning paths from sector to sector, from box to box...

So:

- Using what we already have in HE, BPT and VPE (inspiration...)
- And start with level 5 the European Level 5 Area (EQF 5, in HE, BPT and VPE)

Partners

- VET-associations
- ► HE-associations
- Employers' organisations: challenges
- Including Business Academies, to be involved



The role of the EQF

- ► The system has the EQF 'in the heart' of it
- ► To identify a box for a qualification...
- 1 Level NQF
- 2 Level EQF
- 3 HigherEd (criteria!) or VPE both in a formal setting
- 4 BPT non-formal
- ▶ 5 Provider
- If offering qualifications from separate boxes: A multi-unit institution

- HigherEd = EHEA + criteria
- If part of tertiary education: not being recognised as HigherEd
- And having a position in the system, looking at:
 - role of the government
 - quality assurance
 - funding

- ...

- regulations

- And building on:
 - secondary education
 - VET (till 4)
 - relevance for the world of work (no doubt about that, work-based learning)
 - national standards...
 - and/or...
- Having:
 - agreements for progression to HigherEd
 - a measure for the study load / full-time: a certain lenght
 - a diploma
- No dead ends in the system
- It can/must/will be VPE
- V + P + E = having its own status for the stakeholders

Process

How to find out what VPE can be...

And why we need this EVPEA (looking at best practices)

- Learning from recent developments in countries
- Especially from countries having both SCHE and VPE (at level 5, for a start)
- Inspiration