

# AND ITS ROLE IN THIS DYNAMIC WORLD

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## So...

- ► A message...
- ► An opinion...
- ► Some ideas...
- ► A priviliged brainstorm session...

► But it is about what CHAIN5 can do for its members, local, national and international

# First of all - we have to deal with all kinds of developments

#### We can mention:

- More needs for workers having skills at a higher level of all ages, in all sectors, but how to get the right answers
- ► SCHE is official implemented in the EHEA, but who is monitoring the consequences
- More and more countries are having a NQF (based on the EQF), but not in a common way, having similar aims

- Still a need to build solid but flexible bridges between VET and HE, pushed by the labour market to have 'VET' at higher levels
- But in line with that:
  - in a 'single' HE system having a new PHE 'line' (based on CVET/HVET) \*
  - in a 'binary HE system looking for new opportunities for HVET at level 5 (for sure if SCHE in PHE is missing)
  - \* Or more specific learning pathways for VET students...
- More attention for 'dual education' (WBL / Apprenticeships / practical studies), to follow the dynamic changes in the world of work

### We can notice that...

- Level 5 is more in the picture, but who is taking care for the 'overall international picture'
- Attention for mixing VET and HE is growing, but how to deal with all interested actors involved
- ► Flexibility is 'the magic strategic word' for making lifelong learning possible, but who is paying the price for that

- There are enough 'look-a-like' instruments for VET and HE, but when will a common understanding become a reality
- ► We have a lot of projects, studies, workshops... but how to make the next real steps... that's the question

## As chain5 we have to make choices

- We focus on level 5 'vertical' (between 4 and 6) and horizontal (from business training and apprenticeships to formal - professional education at level 5)
  - ► The qualification comes first...
  - ► The programming of the qualification...
  - ► The providers...

- ▶ We are working across sectors, because:
  - Flexibility is needed
  - Agreements about accepting earlier learning outcomes (formal and non-formal), based on 'the level', are essential
  - Level 5 qualifications are all (...) relevant for the labour market - so the aim for all providers is the same...

## **SO...**

- ▶ We are having the focus on level 5
- Level 5 of the EQF (and corresponding levels of the NQFs)
- We are looking at the whole continuum
- From small business studies and courses (non-formal)...
- And non-formal qualifications (substantial hours of study)
- And HVET
- ► And SCHE...

- We want to have a fair discussion from the start, based on:
- ► A clear range of categories for qualifications maybe 'new ones' but we have to start 'somewhere'
- ► Non-formal qualifications private situation
- ► Formal qualifications, under a certain kind of control by the government (accreditation, inspectorate, committees, or...)

# NQF or another 'framework' as basis

- Formal = NQF-based (where it is possible) or linked to a national framework
- Non-formal
  - also linked to the NQF (by national coordination points)
  - linked to a formal qualification (agreements / exemptions)

▶ So: somewhere 'registered' or 'made visible'

# Looking at the study on higher vet

# 1 Recommendations (researchers)

Use the term professional education at higher levels rather than the term vocational education and training at higher levels.

Reflect on whether this field should be referred to as a discrete sector

- ► Further research would be needed to better understand the extent to which the qualifications not covered by this study could be seen as higher VET.
- Support cooperation among countries on how to integrate higher *qualifications that are outside* the formal system into NQFs and how to position them in the education and training systems.

- Develop activities to improve the evidence base about the different groups of qualifications and programmes that fall under higher VET. In particular those subgroups that are outside higher education area. Such further work could contribute to develop an identity within the sector.
- Improve data collection on higher VET. Beyond participation data improve availability of evidence about employment outcomes of higher VET.

➤ Support mutual learning on issues that are commonly recognised by several countries. Promote innovative models of higher VET by peer-learning or study visits. Ensure these exchanges are based on evidence-based review of the example being discussed.

# To understand qualifications outside HE and formal education at higher level

#### What is HE?

► EHEA, and their levels / cycles / qualifications (5 till 8) - and Professional and Academic (some titles or degrees / other orientation)
And maybe common names or domestic names... (national and international)

#### What is formal?

- Under some control of the authorities, the government, an accreditation body, the inspectorate...
- Linked to a NQF
- ► Can be used for students' exchange... and other international cooperation (accreditation / ects...)

- ► And: not always relevant in the first place is what kind of provider it will be it is about the qualification itself to be seen as HE
- ► HE level 5 common name can to be discussed can be different (national)
- ► So: Name + level + HE = status...

# About different groups of qualifications and programmes that are outside of the HE

- If it is clear: what is outside... and then put them in categories everyone agrees upon
- ► Look at: Target groups / Providers / ...Names
- ► Always level 5 (for us)
- ▶ It can be outside HE and at level 5.

- ▶ But: Does it matter? Level 5 is important and the cross-over to HE (transition to level 5 and level 6)
- What is the value of this? / For the public? / For the employers?

▶ We can do the research!

# What works in 'education providers - business partnerships'

- We have projects for that
- But do we want to know everything about this at an international level - how to use the findings ??
- ► Can we take for a start a look at the outcomes of projects, done in the last few years ??

Level 5 is practical / labour-market oriented, in most cases

► Here an example of a project - TANDEM

## **TANDEM**

- Level 4
- ► Higher skills...
- ► What is needed for the job... not exactly a formal diploma!
- ► Tailor made...

- ► Non-formal programme
- Put on 5 of the NQF or... judged for the rights to get exemptions for a formal diploma at level 5 or level 6 (bachelor)
- Work-based learning / flexible
- ▶ Job comes first, education follows

# SUPPORT EU - CHAIN 5 - AND...

Support EU Level and national level stakeholders in further exploring opportunities provided by the HVET sector: policy learning, PLA, study visits on innovative models and quality assurance

- We as CHAIN5 can play a role... we will discuss this later this morning
- But we have already in mind:
  - regional seminars
  - a pool with experts
  - surveys
  - study visits (institution / organisation will invite us) coming over...