



# Higher vocational education in Norway and the role of HK-dir

Chain 5 2022, Pre-conference day



The biggest challenges of our time must be solved with education and skills.



#### Mandate

- Enhance quality, accessibility and flexibility in higher education, higher vocational education, and the skills sector
- Strengthen the population's skills and provide the world of work with competent labour
- Contribute to making education and training accessible to all, throughout their lives
- Advance and strengthen quality, internationalisation and digitalisation in research, education, and training



#### **Tasks**

- Overall, national responsibility for administrative functions within:
  - Higher education
  - Higher vocational education
  - Skills policy
- All training and education of adults aged
  19 and older
- A broader responsibility within internationalisation and career guidance



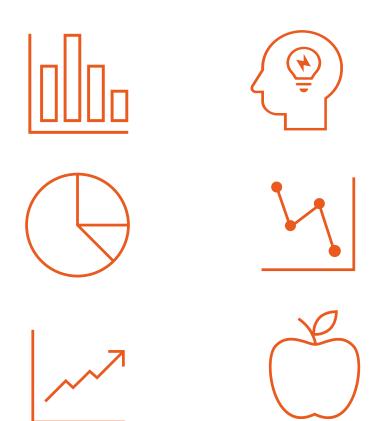






#### A knowledge-based directorate

- Ensuring access to relevant and reliable data and statistics
- Contributing to knowledge-based policy, measures and services within the fields of the directorate
- Make statistics, data and analyses accessible and disseminate them in a targeted way







#### **Our locations:**

Bergen (main office)

Tromsø

Trondheim

Oslo

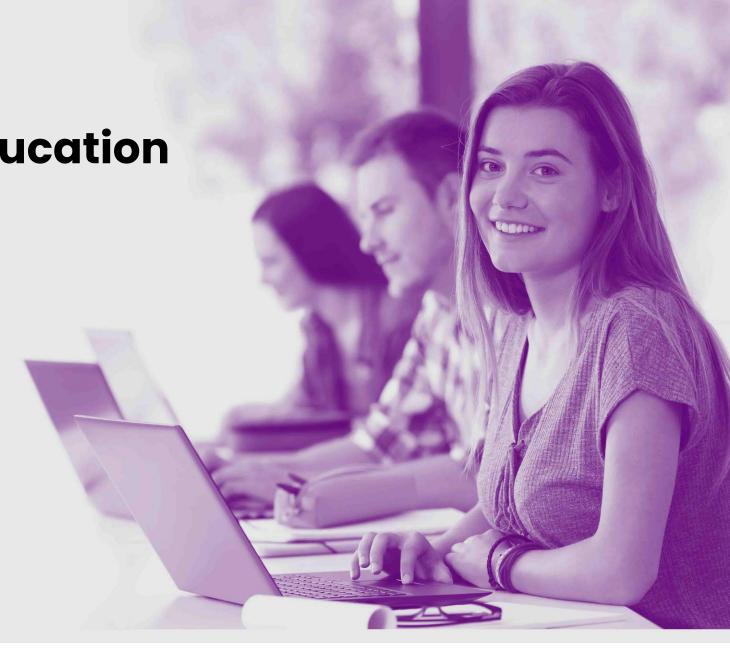
Brussels





Higher vocational Education

- Quality enhancement
- Basic government funding
- Compettitive scheems
- Facts & figures
- System for admission
- Career guidence





## **Comepetitive** schemes

- Development
  - Short modules
- Prize for best education



- Centers for excellence
- Bridging HVE end HE





# Overview of higher vocational education in Norway



### Rapid growthgreat variety

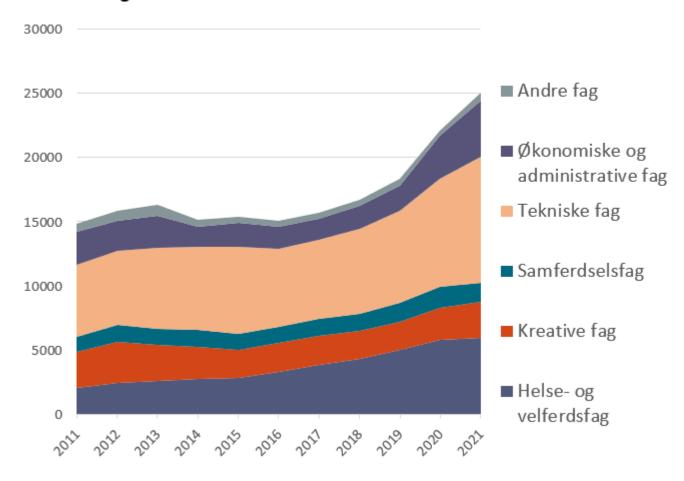
- Relatively small proportion of students
  - o 28,000 students in 2021
  - o Considerably higher number of applicants
  - Technical subjects and health/welfare are the largest subjects
  - Economics/administration are the subjects that are increasing the most now

#### Major variation

- History and growth
- Basis for admission
- Education length
- Relevance and proximity to the labour market

#### Number of students in higher vocational education as of 1 October, by subject area. 2013–2021

Antall studenter i høyere yrkesfaglig utdanning per 1. oktober, etter fagområde. 2013–2021

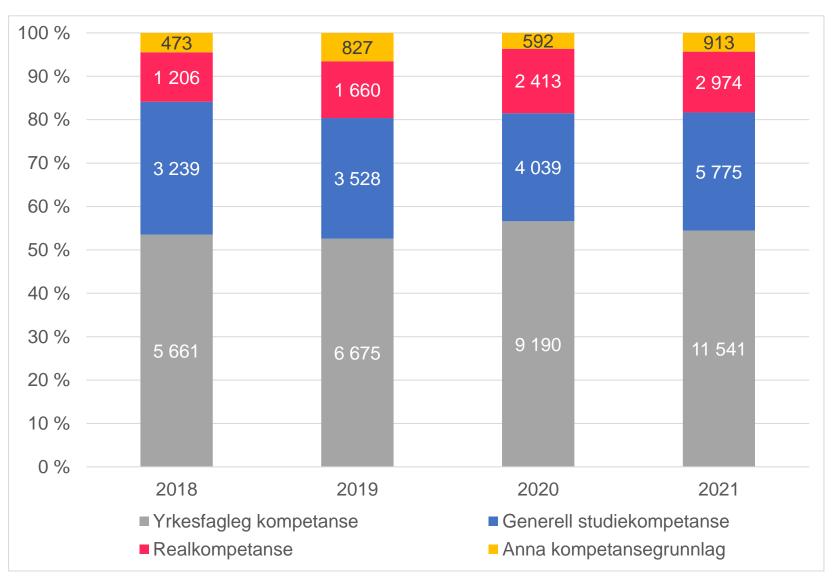




#### Admission basis

Stable student profile

For economics and administration, the proportion with a vocational background is increasing





## The students' profile requires flexibility in education

50 %



30-50 years

70 %



Part-time

58 %



Online-/hybrid education



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Study sites at public and private schools for higher vocational education autumn 2021



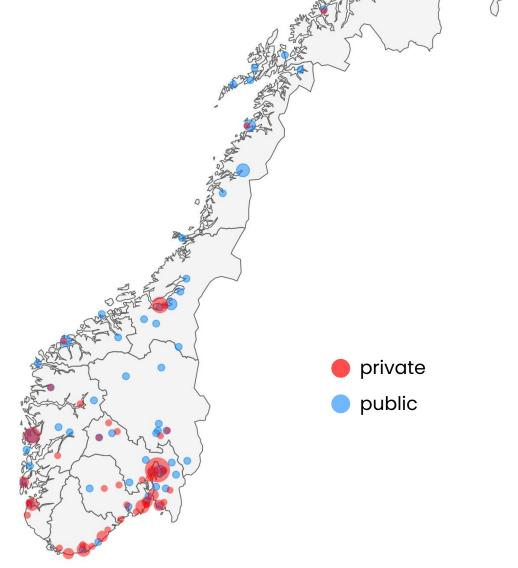
60 vocational colleges



160 study sites



16,000 students, online and hybrid education



#### **Rise of short modules**

2,668 students
took modules that
were less than 30
credits in 2021

### The development can be seen in light of:

- Industry programmes
- The 30 credits limit: from dispensation to a change in the law
- Focus on lifelong learning and the competence needs of the labour market













Internationalization – high ambitions through Erasmus+

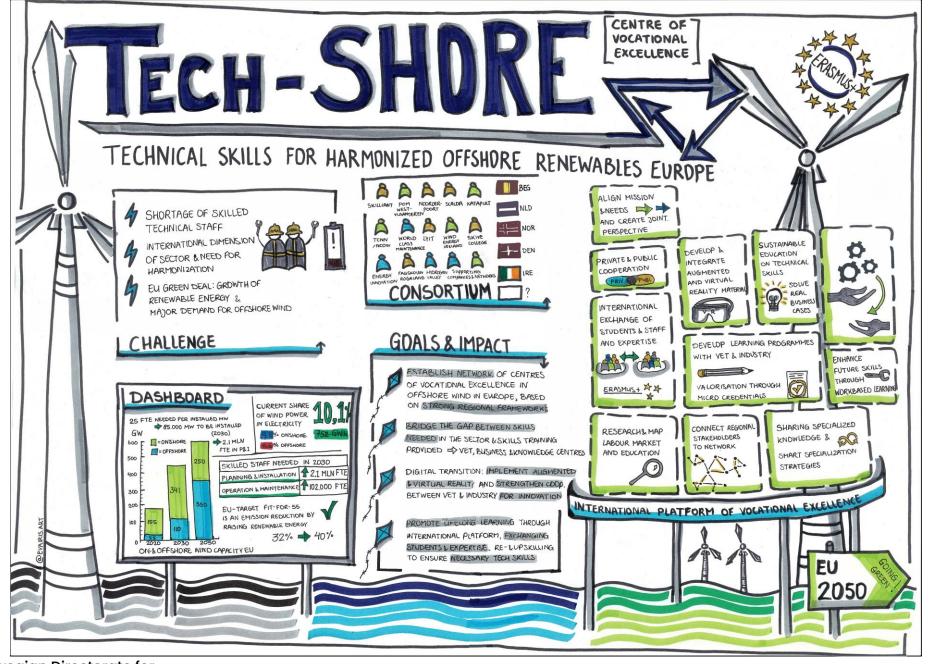




Rogaland Polytechnic College "T-Shore"

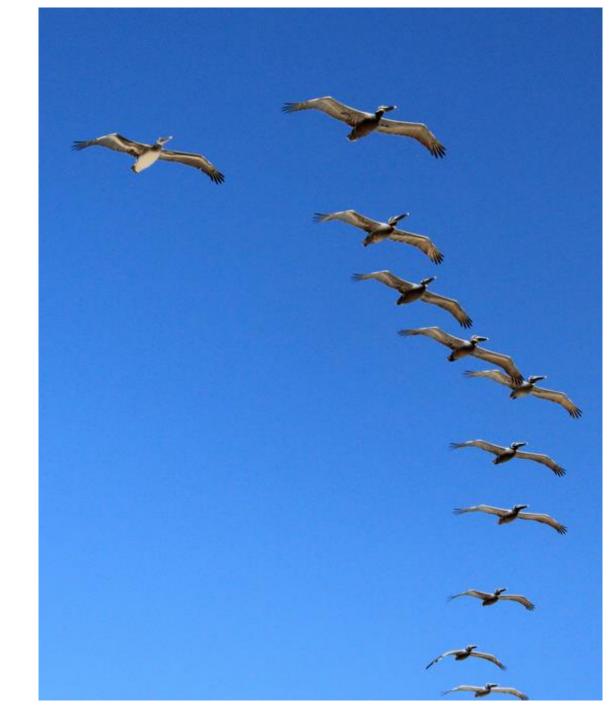
Centres of VET Excellence





#### Main goals of the project

- The development and establishment of the European network of VET-schools and VET training Centers in Offshore wind energy.
- Establishing strong links between businesses and VET providers and combining these stakeholders in order to meet the industry's real needs.
- 3. Understand and define new competency profiles and developing advanced digital and evidence based educational training methods and materials in a work-based learning environment







## Thank you for your attention!

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